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The Finest Smoking Mixture in
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Specially manufactured from the finest
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Colitas In boxes of 50 per 100

An Exquisite Smoke...\$5.50 \$11.00

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A very fine cigar in
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Alexandra Buildings.

EMPIRE CINEMATOGRAH

THEATRE.

EMPIRE HALL OF THE COLONY.

YOUNG ROAD, CENTRAL.

Opposite Central Market.

Performances—7.15 to 9 and

9.15 to 11.30 p.m.

THE WONDERFUL

SADIE.

ALSO

MISS MYRA JAMES

and Mr SAM GALE.

TO-NIGHT!

DEBUT OF

MISS LAURA DIAMOND.

MONDAY, JUNE 27th—Debut of

MISS MAY LEWIS.

NEXT WEEK—A GRAND FILM

expected of the most complete Picture of

the funeral of King Edward VII.

NO HOME

IS COMPLETE

WITHOUT A VICTOR

\$10 PER MONTH

WILL PURCHASE ONE.

A STOCK OF

200 Machines

and

10,000 Records

TO SELECT FROM.

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, April 16, 1907.

BIRTHS.

TURNER.—On May 23, 1910, at "Glencairn," Dalkeith, Scotland, to the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. G. Reynolds Turner (of Hwai-an-hien, Amoy), a daughter, (Evelyn Mary).

WILSON.—On Saturday, June 18, 1910, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Y. Wilson, a son.

MARRIAGE.

FRUIT-JOURNALE.—On June 18, 1910, at Shanghai, to the Rev. E. H. Layton, Miss B. JOURNAL to Mr. J. SCOTT.

MEMOS FOR TO-MORROW.
Miscellaneous.
Annual Tennis Match, Kowloon v. Hongkong, at Kowloon.
Opening of the Corinthian Yacht Club's new premises.

General Memoranda.

SONDAY, June 26.—9 a.m.—Excursion to Macao.

TUESDAY, June 28.—2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, etc. at 14, Seymour Terrace.
5.45 p.m.—Meeting of Victoria Recreation Club in Gymnasium.

WEDNESDAY, June 29.—2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, etc. at 14, Seymour Terrace.
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture at Messrs. Hughes & Hough's Sale Rooms.
9 p.m.—Performance at City Hall.

MONDAY, July 4.—Noon—Meeting of Hongkong Tea Co., at Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.'s Office.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 24, 1910.

"PEACE IN OUR TIME, O LORD."

Among the earliest prayers known in human history—those recorded in the ritual of the Book of the Dead of ancient Egypt—none are more fervent than the songs of degrees in which the blessing of peace is implored at the hands of the Unseen Gods. All down the weary ages the city has been ever the same, "Give peace in our time, O Lord," and to-day the prayer goes up no less fervently from all quarters of the globe, uttered by men and women of every race and tongue. One would think that when an aspiration such as this becomes universal the possibility of bringing about an era of profound peace is not so very remote from the range of human possibilities. But when we come to think the matter over the sad, grim experience of the past seems almost against us. When the Prince Consort devised the first international exhibition in Hyde Park sixty years or so ago, men wrote and spoke gleefully of the imminent setting in of the reign of universal peace, when the time foretold by the Semitic prophet should assuredly dawn, and men would lay aside the implements of warfare, beating their swords into ploughshares and their spears into pruning hooks. Alas for the vanity of human wishes. Within a very few years of the death of Prince Albert, Europe witnessed one of the most sanguinary wars of the century, from the results of which sprang the modern German empire; while the century closed with Great Britain engaged in the disastrous conflict with the Boers. Between the Franco-German war and the Boer War many minor struggles took place, different parts of the

Earth, the doors of the Temple of Jesus never being closed for a year on end.

The prospects for a reign of peace to-day certainly appear brighter than they have ever done before. The gospel of peace which Mr. Andrew Carnegie has so energetically supported with his millions, has found its truest supporters within the borders of the United States, and the recent gathering of Kings and great Personages at the funeral of the monarch who will live in history by his popular title of Edward the Peacemaker, has set a chord vibrating in the hearts of many nations which surely must have some effective development in the days to come. The Kaiser Wilhelm, whom the papers are so fond of describing as the great War Lord, seems to have broached the subject himself to M. Pichon, the French Minister for Foreign Affairs, at the historic dinner-party given by King George at Windsor castle. The Kaiser's idea, we are told, is that the great European nations should, in the interests of humanity and civilisation, remain closely allied, and should aid each other to form a peace-ruled confederation.

Now that King Edward has been removed by death from his earthly throne, the outstanding personalities in the political world are undoubtedly the Emperor William and Mr. Theodore Roosevelt. Men of very similar temperaments and possessing many tastes and traits in common, better exponents of a vast, all-embracing peace movement could not be found. And that the great American nation is of the same way of thinking is shown by the recent resolution of the House of Representatives at Washington, which has given, of its own accord, power to President Taft to appoint five representative Americans to act as a delegation (preferably with Mr. Roosevelt at their head) to discuss a peace propaganda with the chiefs of the nations of Europe. It is significant of the present trend of public thought that such a strenuous man as Mr. Roosevelt, who has had a practical experience of the horrors of war, should be chosen by his people for such a mission. In his address to the Berlin University he remarked:—"The Moslem movement was military; the Phœnician, commercial; the Greek too exclusively intellectual; modern activities are multitudinous. What is the lesson to us to-day? Are we to go the way of the older civilisations? We cannot be certain that the answer will be in the negative; but of this we can be certain, that we shall not go down in ruin unless we deserve and earn our end. There is no necessity for us to fail; we can hew out our destiny for ourselves, if only we have the wit and the courage and the honesty. Personally I do not believe that our civilisation will fall. I think that on the whole we have grown better and not worse. I think that on the whole the future holds more for us than even the great past has held. But, assuredly, the dreams of the golden glory in the future will not come true unless, high of heart and strong of hand, by our own mighty deeds we make them come true. We must not lose the homely virtues; the average man must be a good husband, the average woman a good housewife; the mother of healthy children. But these homely qualities are not enough. There must, in addition, be that power of organisation, that power of working in common for a common end, which the German people have shown in such signal fashion during the last half-century. Moreover, the things of the spirit are even more important. Unjust war is to be abhorred; but war to the nation that does not make ready to hold its own in time of need against all who would harm it; and was thrice over to the nation in which the average man loses the fighting edge, loses the power to serve as a soldier if the day of need should arise. It is no impossible dream to build up a civilisation in which high material development in the things of the body shall be achieved without subordination of the things of the soul, in which there shall be a personal desire for peace and justice without loss of the fighting spirit."

which the fullest development of scientific research, the great distinguishing feature of our present civilisation, shall yet not imply a belief that intellect can ever take the place of character—for, from the standpoint of the nation as of the individual, it is character that is the one vital possession. Mr. Roosevelt is no mere visionary dreamer; he is a practical man prepared to deal with the material appliances that come to his hand in working out his ideals. At the same time the vision of the future fills him with almost prophetic fire as he realises the possibilities which lie before humanity would it but choose the better part. Is it to be Mr. Roosevelt's destiny to realise the dreams of the last two thousand years? Time holds the secret in its keeping, and we must therefore exercise all the patience possible till the moment arrives for its disclosure; meanwhile it behoves us, one and all, to do what we can to bring about this longed-for era of universal peace.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

It will be heard with interest in the Colony that the Archbishop of Hongkong (the Rev. E. J. Barnett) is shortly to be again married. His bride will be Miss Lilias Sara Digby, who has for a number of years been associated with the Church Missionary Society at Kuling. The wedding is to take place at Kuling.

The Rev. C. N. R. Mackenzie is shortly to be married to Miss Ethel Baker of Hongkong.

It is almost pathetic to read that Mr. Roosevelt, on landing in New York, asked the press of America to let him alone, so that he could attend to his own private business and the wants of his family. He refused to discuss public topics.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

There is little difference in the condition of the Frenchman who was shot by the guard on the French Mail steamer Yarra on Monday evening, as he was attempting to escape.

The American community in Shanghai are going to forego fireworks on the Glorious Fourth and confine their celebration of the day to a base-ball game and a reception by Dr. Wilder.

A telegram to the Standard from Paris states that it is reported from Italian sources that the French had captured and shot the Mullah of Somaliland. The news sounds almost too good to be true.

The Government of Bengal has ordered the dismissal from the service of Superintendent Maugham of the Calcutta Fire Brigade, who was charged with receiving illegal gratification in the recent Nimtalla fire.

A growing outbreak of cholera is reported from Southern Russia. Seven hundred and eight cases and 194 deaths have occurred at Rostov, on the Don, and seventy-seven cases and thirty-nine deaths at Alexandrovka.

At the annual meeting of shareholders of the Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd., to be held on July 8, the Directors will recommend (subject to audit) a final dividend of 15s. 3d. per share, making 8 per cent for the year.

Two express trains came into collision at Villeneuve, near Versailles, last week, and both caught fire. The passengers were burned and mangled. Up to the present time ten corpses have been recovered, but the newspapers say that nineteen people were killed and eighty injured.

A Japanese journal hitherto published in Harbin under the name of the North Manchuria (Koku Manchuria) is henceforth to be issued in the Russian language. This will be the first instance of a newspaper edited by a Japanese subject in the Russian language.

A revival of outrages is reported in Russian Poland. A colonel of gendarmes has been killed at Radom; and a bomb was thrown at the Chief of Police in Warsaw. The Chief of Police was not hurt, but two members of his escort were killed. Both the assassins, and an accomplice, committed suicide.

Mr. William Richard Sutton, the founder of the well-known parcel agency, left a fortune of £2,095,880; the business was bequeathed to his foreman, Mr. Thomas Watson, who has just died leaving a net worth of £252,444 11s. 1d. Curiously enough both men when drawing up their wills only expected that they would leave behind them £150,000 apiece.

Brussels telegrams state that the Congo Congress has resolved to suggest that the Indian Government should consider the advisability of instituting a quickly accessible and trustworthy system of telegrams for the purpose of forwarding news to the Government and extension of the establishment of more extensive telegraphic communication between India and the Congo.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Japanese cruise Chitose weighed anchor at 8 o'clock this morning for Japan.

Miss Laura Diamond, banjo queen, makes her debut at the Empires Cinema-graph Theatre this evening.

Mr. Alton, the advance agent of Harmon's circus, has arrived in Singapore from Medan to make the necessary arrangements for the opening of the show there on Saturday, June 25.

The Straits Times states that the East Asiatic Dredging Company has contracted to carry out extensive harbour improvements at Samarang and Batavia. Work will be started next month, to be finished at Samarang in July, 1911, and at Samarang in January, 1912. The dredging materials are now on the way from Europe to Java.

Hongkong is still without its service of public Rickshaws. No further developments have taken place in the situation, and we understand that the Government do not for the moment intend taking any steps in the matter, preferring for the "strike" to settle out of its own accord, as it doubtless shortly will.

An opportune book which may be expected shortly from Messrs. Chapman and Hall is "The Story of Old Japan," by Professor J. H. Longford. Few living men possess a more varied and accurate knowledge of the Mikado's empire. Professor Longford was resident in Japan in official capacity for upwards of thirty-three years in the British Consular service.

A plan for supplying Palestine with electricity for lighting, heating, and cooking purposes is being entered upon by a French company, which has headquarters in Paris. Power will be supplied by the falls of the River Jordan, between the waters of the Merom and Lake of Galilee, where the river descends 700 ft. A generating plant will be erected on the west bank of the river, and will be connected with all chief towns of the country.

A Chinese debtor who came up for his public examination in bankruptcy at the Supreme Court on Thursday afternoon proved that he was a man of many parts. First he was in Government service, then he became manager of the Consulate Hotel, next he took a share in a one-price foreign goods store, then he joined the Hongkong Cinema-graph, later became a partner in the Salon-Cinema Theatre, ran some cinematograph shows in Canton, had a tea-shop in Jardine's bazaar, guaranteed some coolies to America, had a share in the Windsor troupe of Chinese acrobats, and is now contractor for the supply of provisions to Victoria Gaol. And yet he was bankrupt!

CLAIM COVERING 20 YEARS.

In the Court of Summary Jurisdiction, this morning, before Mr. Justice Hazlewood, a claim was mentioned in which Mr. J. H. Seth, in the capacity of receiving manager, sued To Ki for a sum of \$280 64. Mr. Bulmer Johnson was for the plaintiff, and Mr. C. Wilson for the defendant.

Mr. Wilson said there had been an attempt made to deal with the matter of particulars, and he was afraid he was now unable to dispense with particulars because there was not sufficient information as to the commencement of the period for which the amounts were said to be due. It might be that some of the items were statute barred, for he understood that they covered a period of about 20 years.

Mr. Johnson—It is a matter of argument whether the items are statute barred. His Lordship—He is entitled to particulars anyhow.

Mr. Johnson said he understood that his Lordship did not order him to give particulars for every item, so that was impossible. He would give particulars of the date when started and go down to the end of last year.

Mr. Wilson—I am afraid that won't help me very much.

His Lordship fixed the 30th inst. as the date for hearing the action.

CORRESPONDENCE.

TRANS-SIBERIAN MAIL.

(To the Editor of the "China Mail.") Sir,—Through the medium of your columns I wish to express my views relating to the delivery of the Trans-Siberian mail.

On the afternoon of Sunday, the 19th, the s.s. Chenan, carrying the Siberian mail, was signalled at 4.10 p.m. and moored thereafter at her buoy about 4.30 p.m., approximately. The mail consisted of 38 bags of Trans-Siberian mail, and about a hundred bags of other than Siberian mail, perhaps equally as important. I visited the s.s. Chenan just after breakfast next morning. The mail left the ship at 8 a.m. by sampans for the G.P.O., so probably would be ready for delivery about an hour or two after. The French mail, which arrived the morning of 20th at 6 a.m. was in Colombo the day the Siberian mail was made up in London, therefore it is quite plain to the "man in the street," or even to a rickshaw golia, with a fairly balanced brain, that the trans-Siberian mail is the most important mail arriving in Hongkong. Yet we find the Government allowing the letters to be taken off by sampans, fifteen hours after arrival of the mail. Surely there is some slackness somewhere, and the worse the state of things is, the greater the danger to the public and the safety of the Colony; the most distant outpost of our British Empire.

On the morning of Sunday, 20th June, the s.s. Chenan will bring the trans-Siberian mail, and I shall expect the time of arrival of the mail to be about 4.10 p.m.

INTERPORT POLO CUP

TROPHY SECURED BY HONGKONG.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

SHANGHAI, June 24.

In the Interport Polo match, yesterday between Hongkong and Taingtau the result was a victory for Hongkong by 9 goals to 2.

Hongkong has thus won the Keswick Cup.

[Note.—The cup has been won by Hongkong as the result of successive victories over Shanghai and Taingtau. The Shanghai team, which opposed Hongkong comprised Messrs D. Lonsdale, Dallas, K. J. McEuen and J. A. Hayes, while Taingtau fielded Messrs Meinks, Pfeiffer, Eckford and another. Hongkong's representatives were Capt. Heathcote, Lieut. Crookenden, Lieut. Hon. G. P. Scarlett and Capt. Davis.—Ed. O. M.]

FORGED BILLS OF LADING.

INTERNATIONAL BANKERS' CONFERENCE.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

LONDON, June 24.

A meeting of bankers in London, at which all the leading British and Continental Banks were represented discussed the situation arising out of the recent forged bills of lading attached to cotton bills from the United States. The feeling was expressed that the responsibility for the genuineness of the bills of lading must be brought home to the original exporter of the cotton and the purchaser of the bill.

A committee was formed to negotiate with the Transatlantic interests affected.

THE (CONSTITUTIONAL) CONFERENCE.

THIRD SITTING.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

LONDON, June 24.

The third sitting of the Constitutional Conference was held last evening. It lasted for two hours.

THE BUDGET.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

LONDON, June 23.

The Budget is to be taken in the House of Commons on the 30th inst.

LORD KITCHENER'S SERVICES.

A LIKELY APPOINTMENT.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

LONDON, June 24.

The Daily Mail states that proposals are being considered, with a view to the appointment of Field Marshal Lord Kitchener to the position of Chief of the Imperial General Staff in the event of General the Hon. Sir N. G. Lytton shortly retiring from the command of the forces in Ireland and being succeeded by the present Chief of the Staff, General Sir W. G. Nicholson, which is considered not unlikely.

HONOURS FOR THE HEIR-APPARENT.

PRINCE OF WALES AND EARL OF CHESTER.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

LONDON, June 24.

The Duke of Cornwall, the Heir-Apparent to the British Throne, was gazetted Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester on the occasion of his birthday yesterday.

KOREA SURRENDERING MORE POWER.

JAPAN TO CONTROL THE POLICE.

(Independent News Agency's Service to the China Mail.)

SEOUL, June 24.

At a meeting of the Korean Cabinet held yesterday, the ministers decided to hand over to Japan the policing of the Kingdom.

A THRICE TOLD TALE.

(Waik Tat Yee Po's Service.)

PEKING, June 23.

The British Government has agreed to the increase of customs duties provided that lekin is abolished.

MONGOLIA AND MANCHURIA.

(Waik Tat Yee Po's Service.)

PEKING, June 23.

A suggestion has been made by the Cabinet to appoint commissioners to afford political advice to the various princes of Mongolia.

H.E. Chun Chin Chang, Governor of Kirin, has appointed secret service officers who are to keep a sharp look out in Manchuria on the movements of those suspected of being revolutionaries.

OVERHAULING THE VICEROYS.

(Waik Tat Yee Po's Service.)

PEKING, June 23.

The Imperial Government has decided to make an examination into the merits and work of all the Viceroys and Governors of the Empire.

THE NEW U. S. CONSUL GENERAL.

Due in August.

The new Consul General of America, Mr. George Everett Anderson, who has been appointed to succeed the late Mr. W. A. Rublee, in Hongkong, left Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, on June 1 and is expected to arrive in Hongkong about August 9.

Mr. Anderson, who was formerly Consul General at Amoy, is well known to many of the older residents in Hongkong and will no doubt return to meet many old friends as well as to make new ones, for he was exceedingly well liked and highly respected in Amoy.

In April, 1901, Mr. Anderson was appointed U.S. Consul at Hankow, and in February, 1905, he became Consul-General at Amoy. One year later he was transferred to the important post of Consul-General at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, which Consulate he has just vacated to take up the important post of Consul-General at Hongkong.

Mr. Anderson is 45 years of age and was born in Springfield. He completed his education at Shortell College in Illinois, State, subsequently taking a law course at the Western University. He began his career as a journalist, and became managing editor of the Peoria Journal. Later he became editor and general manager of the Springfield News.

A hearty welcome will no doubt be extended to Mr. Anderson on his arrival in the Colony.

A PIANO TUNER'S CLAIM.

In the Court of Summary Jurisdiction this morning, before Mr. Justice Hazlewood, a claim for \$445, balance of wages and commission, was made by A. Ogilvie, piano tuner, against the Robinson Piano Company. Mr. Reader Harris was for the plaintiff and Mr. Hind for the defendant.

Mr. Hind said he would like an order for particulars in regard to the last two items, commission and extra work.

Mr. Harris—I shall be very pleased to give my friend any particulars he wants. Will your Lordship fix a day?

His Lordship—How long will it take?

Mr. Harris—About a full day.

His Lordship fixed July 26 as the date for hearing the action.

THIS ANNOYING COUGH.

YOU cough annoy you. Respiration is hindered and tearing the delicate membranes if you want to be annoyed. But if you want relief, want to be cured, take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by chemists and druggists.



STATE EXPRESS CIGARETTES.

The Cigarettes of Distinction for Discriminating Smokers.

The mode of manufacture of State Express Cigarettes is perfect from a hygienic standpoint, and is approved of by the Medical Profession (vide The Lancet).

State Express Cigarettes and Tobacco are obtainable from

H. Price & Co., Ltd.

FRIDAY, JUNE 24, 1910.

HONGKONG CORINTHIAN YACHT CLUB.

THE NEW PREMISES.

There is to be opened tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon on Plover Bay, by Mrs. Francis Clark, wife of Dr. Clark (commander) the new Corinthian Yacht Club House. The new premises consist of a large and spacious building comprising committee and Secretary's rooms, reading room, two rooms, ladies' room and bar room, on the top floor, and dressing rooms, bath rooms, store room and boys' room, besides accommodation for the storing of rowing boats, etc., on the ground floor.

Started on quite a small scale in 1904 as an off-shoot from the Victoria Recreation Club, in the interests of yachting, this Club has been since by Mr. McEwen and Mr. Hazeldene, together with a few other enthusiasts, in this brief period to the position of one of the foremost Yacht Clubs in the East, combining as it now does, five sailing classes and a motor boat class, while water polo and aquatic sports are also embraced within the sphere of its activities. The water polo team are the present holders of the Water Polo Association's Shield.

The membership at present exceeds 200 and the growing interest in yachting in the Colony promises to make it very considerably. In Mr. King's yard alone there are at present on the slips four cutters and a 30-foot centre-board yacht of new design in course of construction, all for the Corinthian Yacht Club, while we understand that a few more are being placed with other firms.

The officials of the Club are all keen sportsmen, and to celebrate the opening of the new premises they have, with characteristic enterprise and foresight, arranged a capital programme of aquatic sports for the benefit of members and friends. The programme will consist of—

1. Tub Fight (open).
 2. Boys' Race (open).
 3. Greasy Poles (open).
 4. Pig Hunt (open).
 5. Water Polo Match.
 6. Ladies' Lottery.
- In the last-named item ladies are required to draw a number from a bag at the entrance to the Club, which will correspond with one worn by a competitor. The result will be declared on points, 5 for a win, 3 for second, and 1 for third. The lady drawing the number with most points wins. The prizes will be presented by Miss Hilda Clark.

The band of the 13th Rajputs, under Bandmaster Cooke, will discourse music during the afternoon, and given good weather the day should rank as a "Red Letter" one.

In the evening a smoking concert will take place at 9 p.m., when the best talent of Hongkong will be on the boards.

The present officers of the Club are—Commodore: Dr. Francis Clark. Vice-Commodore: E. M. Hazeldene. Hon. Treasurer: D. G. Hon. Secretary: D. K. Blair. Hon. Assistant Secretary: P. R. Adams. Official Measurer: W. A. Crake. Deputy Measurers: G. G. Wood, C. J. Cooke. Unofficial Members: E. F. Gibson, G. T. Lloyd, J. McCorquodale, M. Melver, A. H. Milroy, A. Rodger. Sub-Committee: Sailing: E. M. Hazeldene, A. Combes, M. Melver, A. H. Milroy, A. Rodger. Motor Boats: W. A. Crake, G. T. Taylor, W. W. Pearce, G. K. Hazeldene, C. A. G. Roberts. Swimming and Rowing: E. F. Gibson, C. J. Cooke, J. Forbes, R. C. Widdell, A. Spittles, V. Goulburn, J. McCorquodale.

WHO ATE THE FOOD?

When a case was called at the Court of Summary Jurisdiction this morning, before Mr. Justice Hazeldene, particulars of a counterclaim were asked for by Mr. C. Wilton. He said the items said for food and refreshments supplied, but it was obvious that the plaintiff could not have consumed all this food himself. He would therefore like to know who had had it.

His Lordship—Will you give particulars of how many people were eating it, Mr. Stevenson?

Mr. D. V. Stevenson—I don't think I can. We supplied the quantity of food which was ordered, but how many people ate it we don't know.

His Lordship—(To Mr. Wilton)—How will it assist you to know whether ten people ate the food or only one?

Mr. Wilton—If ten people ate the food my client certainly does not intend to pay for it.—(Laughter.)

His Lordship—Why not?

Mr. Stevenson—If he ordered it he must pay for it.

Mr. Wilton—I think I am entitled to some evidence that he ordered these meals. I understand the bills were made out not against the plaintiff but against some other individuals, who seem to have had the food.

—(Laughter.)

The case was put on next week's list on the understanding that the desired particulars would be supplied.

SUN YAT SEN.

A Chinese passenger much resembling Sun Yat Sen, the noted Chinese Reformer, arrived at Yokohama on the 11th inst. by the P. M. S. Mongolia from San Francisco, whereupon a telegram was sent to China that the man was the Reformer. This is incorrect, as Sun Yat Sen is now travelling between New York, Boston, and San Francisco.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

When you feel the need of your family doctor, Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the best. It is a powerful medicine, and it is the only one that will cure all these troubles. It is the only one that will cure all these troubles. It is the only one that will cure all these troubles.

CANTON NOTES.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

CANTON, June 22.

AN UNFORTUNATE MINE.

Some years ago a merchant named Poon obtained permission to open a lead mine on the borders of the province. He, in return for this permission, promised to pay the Treasury a certain yearly sum. Unfortunately, the mine was by no means a productive one and after some time the owner petitioned for permission to close it down. This the authorities would not grant and so the man had to continue to lose money. His payments to the treasury also stopped but still he was told that until he could find another mine to take over the concession he must continue to run it. The merchant has, however, closed the mine on his own responsibility but there is a considerable sum still owing to the Government. Such treatment as this is not likely to encourage others to embark in mining ventures.

BURNING A TEMPLE.

Among the White Cloud Hills there is a place called Ng Lung Kue where there is a very fine temple. A few days ago the priests held an illumination in honour of the birthday of a god and to make the affair more imposing several fine lamps and other things were hired. After the function was over the priests went round to visit the villages near leaving only one man behind in the temple. Some robbers got to know of the hired property so they went to the temple which they plundered of everything valuable. The priests in charge was then up and shouted a call and when his comrades came back after three days' absence they found the poor fellow in a state of exhaustion. He had been tied up all the time and had had neither food nor drink. The robbers have not yet been caught and there is little likelihood of their capture.

THROUPE AT A GUILD MEETING.

Yesterday, the Guild of Locksmiths held a meeting in a large eating house here. The business of the day was the election of a treasurer, after which a feast was to be partaken of. There was one man present who was most anxious to be elected and when he was passed over he became very quarrelsome and abusive. His conduct soon threw the meeting into disorder and a free fight ensued in which the bowls and basins intended to be used during the feast were used as missiles. One of these threw the man who was the cause of the disturbance into the air and he fell overboard and the man was soon unconscious. He was taken to a hospital near but he lost so much blood that he is not expected to recover. The police were informed but no arrests have been made as it was impossible to discover whose hand threw the bowl.

THE FERRY.

Persons have complained to the police that between the hours of 9 and 10 a.m., and 5 and 6 p.m., there is much inconvenience caused through the ferry men taking their meals and refusing to cross the river. The water police have issued a notice that the ferry people are to eat in turn so that there will always be a number of boats ready for use. There have lately been some boats of a much better pattern put into use. These, besides being larger, take on all appearance of being new and are certainly cleaner than the old ones. For quite a long time past there has been talk of establishing a steam ferry service between Honam and Canton but nothing ever came of it. In any other place in the world the river would be a source of annoyance and there is one spot in the river near the Dutch Ferry that looks as if it were a good place for the purpose. I am told that some years ago there was a proposal to build a bridge at this point but the sampan people threatened such dire vengeance that the promoters of the scheme desisted.

A CENSUS.

The Government has lately sent a deputy to Fatsan to arrange for a census to be taken of the population of that town. The people do not like the idea at all, for two reasons. The first is that the place is a cesspool of crime and the second is that the census is to be a forerunner of increased taxation, as it is known that the police force of the town is to be strengthened. The second is that a census is always thought to be a forerunner of increased taxation, as it is known that the police force of the town is to be strengthened. The second is that a census is always thought to be a forerunner of increased taxation, as it is known that the police force of the town is to be strengthened.

CONSTABLES PUNISHED.

A few days ago a new eating house called "Tin Yat Chawan" was opened in the Western Suburbs. As this place is a very fine one of its kind and possesses many valuable properties the proprietors petitioned for police protection on the opening night as they feared that the place would be visited by robbers. The officer in charge of No. 9 station therefore detailed a number of constables for special duty to guard the place. One of the men chosen for this duty was the presence of the police was unnecessary. There were high words between him and the officer in charge and the constable was reported to the Police Taotai. The latter has punished the man's disobedience with two years' cool and has informed all the other constables of what has occurred.

ROBBERY NOT WANTED.

The following shows how hard it is in the face of the overwhelming ignorance of the country people to carry out any scheme for the benefit of the country. A few days ago some students of the Provincial Drawing School were sent out to make a survey of certain parts of the Nan Hai District. They found that wherever they went their proceedings were much resented by the natives. At a place called Sin Tung this resentment turned to actual violence for the excited villagers attacked the surveyors, broke their instruments and threatened to burn the surveying building that was being used as a drawing office. The reason of all this conduct is, as usual, superstition. To measure the land is to offend the gods that preside over its destinies and when such reverence is shown to the gods the land is fertile and the crops are abundant.

KNOWS THE WORLD OVER.

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ITEMS AT THE COURTS.

For the non exhibition of a white light on his junk the owner was fined \$4 at the Magistrate's day.

A Japanese was fined \$10 by Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Magistrate's this morning for behaving in a disorderly manner.

Two convicts of steam launches were fined \$30 each at the Magistrate's day, for carrying passengers in excess of the number allowed.

Two Chinese were sentenced to fourteen days' imprisonment and four hours' stocks each at the Magistrate's day for stealing a blanket at Vanchai.

The chief witness in the recent Talkoo murder case appeared at the Magistrate's day on a charge of perjury in connection with the trial and the case was remanded.

For stealing a watch from a person at No. 88, Queen's Road Central, a native was sentenced to two months' imprisonment at the Magistrate's day by Mr. E. R. Hallifax.

The Civil Service Co-operative Society sued A. G. Pile in the Court of Summary Jurisdiction this morning, before Mr. Justice Hazeldene, for \$30.91 for goods sold and delivered. Mr. Harris was for plaintiffs, and defendant did not appear. The case being proved, judgment was entered for plaintiffs with costs.

SPORTING.

Lawn Tennis.

Kowloon v. Hongkong.

The annual tennis match between representatives from the Hongkong C. C. and the Kowloon C. C. will take place tomorrow (Saturday) at 4.30 p.m. on the K. C. C. ground when the following will play for the Kowloon C. C.—Klimanek and Brewer, Zedlitz and Le Breton, Green and Lapsley, Edwards and Rose, Reserves—Brown and Mead.

The Hongkong team will be—C. A. Carr and C. Wilson; R. Hancock and M. R. Harris; R. C. Mead and R. E. H. Oliver; T. H. King and A. R. Sutherland.

County Cricket.

The following, says the N. C. Daily News, are the results of the cricket matches played on June 16, 17 and 18:—Sussex beat Surrey at Brighton by one wicket; Yorkshire beat Middlesex at Lord's by two wickets; Lancashire beat Nottinghamshire at Trent Bridge by one wicket; Worcestershire beat Hampshire at Worcester by an innings and fifty-three runs, and Kent beat Gloucestershire at Tonbridge by ten wickets.

Buffs Billiard Tournament.

Many interesting spectators were present on Monday evening to witness the second heat in the above tournament. Play commenced at 7 p.m. sharp. Ptas. Holloway, "G" Company, and Price, "A" Company, were the players. This was a fair run-way game for Holloway, who, on the whole, showed up finely. Price may be so rattled on the plucky show which he made. The final scores were—Holloway, 200; Price, 79.

The heat was resumed on Tuesday, the contestants being Cpl. Brett, "G" Co., and Cpl. Chas. "A" Co. The game started very evenly, both players being timid. Cpl. Brett was below his proper form and lost the match by 49 points. Scores, Ptas. Chas. 200; Cpl. Brett, 151.

The second game was between Ptas. Redsell, "G" Company, and Len. Cpl. Duckworth, "A" Co. The latter was only a substitute, and Redsell led him by the large margin of 133 points. Scores, Redsell, 200; Duckworth, 67.

The third evening's play attracted a large number of spectators on Wednesday, to watch Ptas. Mills, "G" Co., and Bom. Blakie, "A" Co. There was very little difference between the scores of these players, but Blakie was the superior, and an excellent game resulted in a win for "A" Co., who could well do with a couple of more wins to pull up the lag.

Very little interest was taken in the game between Ptas. Hillier, "G" Co., and B.D.M. Geo. "A" Co. The latter started well but fell off considerably whilst Hillier played his opponent and secured the last 10. Then Geo had a change of luck, playing some fine shots. Both players showed up well, and with good work on Hillier's part, he ran out winner by 20 points. The closing scores were—Hillier, 200; Geo, 171. "G" Co. then led by a large total of 514 points, with two more matches to play.

At 7 p.m. punctually on Thursday, Ptas. Jenkins and Ptas. Duken commenced the final game. Dunkin broke. This was a very even game until Jenkins passed the first hundred, scoring more freely than his opponent. He ran out winner by 42 points. The following are the scores:—Jenkins, 200; Dunkin, 158.

The second and final game commenced at 8.15 between Ptas. Long and Ptas. Dennis. Long broke and very much put on the score, leading all the way. Dennis had hard luck at times, but was a better man and Long playing splendidly ran out an easy winner. Scores:—Long, 200; Dennis, 139. This game was the last of 47 points, thus qualifying for the semi-final.

Scores:—G. Co. A. Co.

Holloway 200 Price 79

Cpl. Brett 200 Chas. 151

Redsell 200 Duckworth 67

Mills 200 Blakie 133

Hillier 200 Geo 171

Jenkins 200 Dunkin 158

Long 200 Dennis 139

WHIST DRIVE.

The second of the series of the Eastern Social Whist drive was held in the Lodge Room, Kowloon, on Thursday evening and met with even more success than the last one. A larger number sat down and it was pleasing to note the increased number of ladies playing. Undoubtedly the Lodge Committee have taken a step in the right direction; for these whist drives not only afford an interesting evening's amusement, but they also tend to bring together a lot of people who probably would not otherwise become acquainted.

The prize winners were—Ladies—1st prize, Mrs. Hill; 2nd prize, Mrs. Jackson. Gentlemen—1st prize, Mr. Hibbin; 2nd prize, Mr. A. Gilbert. Gentle taking lady's part—1st prize, Mr. McLeod; 2nd prize, Mr. Howell. Hidden Number—Mr. Jack. Booby prize—Mrs. Morley and Mr. Willcock.

The prizes were presented by Mr. A. Lawrence.

A hearty vote of thanks was passed to Mr. McLeod who assisted by Messrs. A. B. Allan and Hibbin, arranged everything in a splendid manner.

A special launch took the Hongkong contingent to Blake Pier and Blue Pier after the whist drive.

RUBBER NOTES.

MAY CROPS.

The Port Dickson Rubber Co. report an output of 63 lbs. of rubber for the month of May.

The Taluk Anson Estates May crop was 520 lbs. dry rubber.

DIVIDEND.

The Inch Kenneth Rubber Estates Co., Limited, announce an interim dividend of 50 per cent. payable in London on July 12.

Lingpi Plantations, Limited's directors have declared an interim dividend of 50 per cent. payable in London on July 12.

PRICES OF RUBBER.

Telegrams to the Straits Times from their correspondent in London, dated 14th inst. and 16th inst. state that there was a very large supply of rubber at the auction and a fair demand was shown. Two hundred and fifty-five tons of plantation rubber was on offer, of which 220 tons was from Malaya. Sheet sold at 9/8 to 9/9. Compacted with 9/8 to 10/6 at the auction on May 24. Crepe made 8/10 to 9/8 compared with 9/10 to 10/6 at the former sale. Fine Hard Para was sold at 9/10 to 10/2 compared with 9/11 at last sale.

The Planters' Stores Agency, Kuala Lumpur, sent on 18th inst. in receipt of a cable from London giving the prices of rubber as follows:

Final Hard Para 10 1

Plantation Sheet and Blacut 9 0

Crepe 9 0

Best Scrap 8 3

Best Scrap 8 3

Scrap Untreated 6 8

Rambling 5 10

PANDAN (GUMBER) RUBBER.

At the plenary meeting of the Pandan (Johore) Rubber Estates, Limited, in London, the chairman, Mr. G. M. Dundas-Mount, said:—The company owns the Pandan Rubber Estate in the Tapan district, Southern Johore, which is very accessible from Singapore. The estate was acquired as from January 1, 1910, from a local company, registered out there, who accepted payment for the property entirely in full paid shares. The following information from particulars supplied by the estate owners to the East Asiatic Company—and from the recent report of Mr. J. A. Macgregor, of Sorabamba, may be interesting to shareholders. The estate consists of 1,068 acres, the whole of which is planted with Para rubber, the trees being 5 to 6 years old. The yield for the present year, which has been estimated by the local owners at 10,375 lbs., has been partly sold, at a price which should enable the company to be divided paying from the commencement. The company takes over, as from January, 1, 1910, the management of the estate, and the following are his estimates of the yield of rubber annually:—1911, 10,500 lbs.; 1912, 32,675 lbs.; 1913, 74,840 lbs.; 1914, 129,000 lbs.; 1915, 252,100 lbs.; 1916, 325,500 lbs.; 1917, 417,200 lbs.; 1918, 470,000 lbs. The yield for the present year, which has been estimated by the local owners at 10,375 lbs., has been partly sold, at a price which should enable the company to be divided paying from the commencement. The company takes over, as from January, 1, 1910, the management of the estate, and the following are his estimates of the yield of rubber annually:—1911, 10,500 lbs.; 1912, 32,675 lbs.; 1913, 74,840 lbs.; 1914, 129,000 lbs.; 1915, 252,100 lbs.; 1916, 325,500 lbs.; 1917, 417,200 lbs.; 1918, 470,000 lbs.

RECENT RUBBER PRICES LISTED.

The following report appears in The Straits Times of May 20:—

The statutory general meeting of the shareholders of the Sela Rubber Estates, Limited, was held at 31, Budget Row, E.C. 4, on Thursday, May 19. Mr. George Mount Dundas-Mount (the chairman of the company) presided.

The Chairman said: Gentlemen.—The company's estate is situated, as you are aware, in the island of Singapore, and is held on lease for 99 years, at the annual rent of \$438. The estate is some 800 acres, which approximately 800 acres are planted with Para rubber mostly amongst pineapples. Arrangements have been made by the vendor syndicate with the former Chinese owner whereby the latter, in exchange for the pineapples, engages to keep the land so planted clear. Provided this contract is carried out a considerable saving will be effected in the matter of upkeep.

The property was inspected and reported upon early in February last by Mr. E. D. Bryce, manager of the Tapan Rubber Estates, Limited, and his report is, in the opinion of the board, a satisfactory one. He estimated that the yield of rubber from next year onwards should be as follows:—1911, 10,500 lbs.; 1912, 32,675 lbs.; 1913, 74,840 lbs.; 1914, 129,000 lbs.; 1915, 252,100 lbs.; 1916, 325,500 lbs.; 1917, 417,200 lbs.; 1918, 470,000 lbs. The returns from such yields will of course entirely depend upon prices obtained for our material in this country, and I do not propose to attempt to forecast the future. Suffice it to say that the period of waiting for dividends does not appear to be unduly long.

The company will have a subscribed working capital of about £17,000, which is considered to be ample for the present, and to bring the green planted area into production. There is, however, a small amount of money which the vendor syndicate has the right to pay for these years. Messrs. Edward Bennett and Co., Ltd., Singapore, have been appointed to act as auditors for the company, and their report will be presented at the next meeting.

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TEETHING CHILDREN.

Everything children have more or less of, and which can be controlled by giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All that is necessary is to give the prescribed dose after each onset of the trouble, and the mother need not be troubled with the child's distress. The remedy is the only one that will cure all these troubles. It is the only one that will cure all these troubles. It is the only one that will cure all these troubles.

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A Maid of the Silver Sea, by John Galsworthy.

Helm with the High Hand, by Arnold Bennett.

Maradich at Forty, by Hugh Walpole.

Anthony Wilding, by Rafael Sabatini.

Paul Mungava, by Oswald Wildridge.

The Glittering Deceit, by Robert H. Benson.

The Wicked World, by Alice and Maud Adams.

Ann Veronica, by H. G. Wells.

A Husband by Proxy, by Jack Steele.

Potter's Government, by Baroness Orczy.

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A DISHONOURD CHEQUE.

John Grant, a surveyor formerly of the Public Works Department, was charged before Mr. E. R. Hallifax, at the Magistrate's day, with obtaining money by false pretences.

From the evidence it appeared that defendant signed a cheque on the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China for \$10 which he gave to the Wong Ming Po firm, the cheque being dishonoured on presentation at the bank through the Dairy Farm Co., Ltd. The manager of the Wong Ming Po firm subsequently received a letter from defendant, which was produced, and which stated that he had lost his bank book and asked complainant not to present the cheque as he would call the bank to stop payment and he would call on complainant and pay the money.

Mr. J. H. Gardiner for defendant was granted permission to reserve his defence. Detective Sergeant Appleton intimated that he intended putting in evidence showing that defendant had issued similar cheques which had been dishonoured. The case was remanded.

COMMERCIAL.

YARN AND COTTON.

Messrs. Polihwalla and Kottwall Cotton and Yarn Brokers, in their fortnightly circular say:—Since the issue of our last report, the yarn market has been very quiet with nothing doing. On the last occasion, we reported that a large business had been transacted, the local dealers having bought heavy cargo at cheap prices. They have since been endeavouring to dispose of their stock to country buyers, in the large stock of undisposed holdings, in their hands, accounting for the quietness in the volume of business done. At the beginning of the fortnight, a (private) business was put through at last quotations. The Shanghai market continues quiet and has had the effect of preventing Northern Port from sending cargo to a comparatively helpless condition owing to the absence of Northern buyers. The Indian market is reported steady. Holders are keeping aloof and watching the market. At the close, the market is quiet and there is nothing doing.

Total sales 500 bales. Unsold stocks 14,000 bales. Sold but undelivered in the godown and to arrive 44,000 bales. No. 4s and 8s.—No demands even at cheap rates. No. 10s and 20s.—A nominal Nothing doing. No. 10s.—One mill has done business.

Arriv 1s.—The Mail Steamer Delta and extra steamers Pania and Ceylon have come from Bombay and Calcutta from Calcutta, have brought 111,132 bales for Hongkong, and 3,700 bales for Shanghai, no shipments from Hongkong to Shanghai, and Coast ports.

Shanghai.—Continues dull, the same conditions prevailing as have obtained during the last two months.

Japanese Yarn.—No. 20s declined \$2. Sales, 200 bales at \$55.

Local Mill.—Nothing doing.

Raw Cotton.—Owing to the higher rates prevailing there, has been nothing doing in Bengal. About 500 bales, Bengal have been shipped for the Japanese market. Stock, 250 bales. Bengal onlv. Quotations, Bengal \$35 to \$37 and Chinese \$35 to \$40.

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